### CAREER OF HORACE GREELEY

As a Boy He Was Remarkably Bright, and Scoured the Country for Books.

He Attained Eminence and Great Influence Through Most Adverse Circumstances-The New York Tribune-Talk on Protection.

Bishop Samuel Fallows, of Chicago, lectured to the young people, yesterday afternoon, at Plymouth Church, on "Horace Greeley." He was introduced by Rev. Oscar C. McCulloch as one who had been a gallant soldier in the war for the Union, an Episcopalian clergyman, and is now a bishop of the Reformed Episcopal Church. The distinguished gentleman, upon a hint given by Mr. McCulloch, was welcomed with a hearty clapping of hands. "You have all heard," said the Bishop, "of the white plume of Henry of Navarre, of the Little Corporal, the great Napoleon with his green coat and cocked hat, but I am to speak to you of a man who was as well known, while living, by his white coat and white hat as Henry by the white plume and Napoleon by the green coat and cocked hat. I regard him as one of the most wonderful men, one of the greatest men our country has produced. Horace Greeley had at first a hard battle to fight with poverty. He was a poor boy, born amid the poorest surroundings. He was born where there was rock everywhere, scarcely a foot of soil in which the plow would against a snag or singular thing was he learned to read befor ehe could speak: that is, before he could string sen-

tences together. He read at two years and nine months old, at three he could read any book that, perhaps, most of these smaller children here can read, and at four he read a book downside up, or upside down, or sidewise. When a man, he often read a paper upside down. Horace scoured the country for seven miles round, and read every book he could lay hands on. The first poem this boy ever read was 'Casabianca,' 'The boy stood on the burning deck.' It made a profound impression on the lad, and gave him an idea of duty that he never forgot all through his life. He read the Bible through before he was six years old, the Arabian Nights and Robinson Crusoe in his eighth year, Shakspeare

"He learned so well in the district schools that at thirteen he knew more than any of his teachers. He would ask questions like Socrate, of old, and the teachers were glad to get rid of him. Although he attended district school for only fortyfive months, he afterwards became the the acknowledged leader of the most in-fluential minds in the country. He gained more from the printing office than many men from a college course, but it is to be regretted that a mind like his could not have had the additional benefit of a university training

"At thirteen," continued the Bishop, "he went to East Pultney, Vt., and learned to set type on the Northern Spectator newspaper. It is said that at the close of the first day he set type better and faster than many an apprentice that had been at it for a month. He next went to Erie, Pa., and at twenty started on foot for New York. When he began to set type on the Evening Post the proprietor, seeing him at work in his outlandish garb, said to the foreman: 'For heaven's sake discharge that fellow; we must have decent-looking men, at any rate.' He did not wear socks, and was certainly a sockless statesman in embryo at that time. His father was in debt, and he was sending home nearly every cent that he earned. Step by step he rose until he became the founder of the New York Tribune. No paper ever exerted so great an influence upon the thought of the country. It became the champion of human liberty. It went North, and East, and West. Sometimes it went South, and when it did it made a stir and consternation. The State of Virginia indicted Horace Greeley for endeavoring to incite the slaves to insurrection, but the paper went on molding the thought of the Nation. Some things the New York Tribune advocated we should not advocate to-day, but the paper stood for the best in American thought and in American life. Men in the North knew what they were contending for; the great multitude in the South did not know. We knew through such means as the New York Tribune, through the public schools, what the contention was; and we were de-termined this Union must and shall be pre-

served. "He was a conscientious man, and felt that in one conspicuous case he had done wrong. He did not put the motto on to Richmond' at the head of the column, but he said 'let it remain there.' This cry, in a single paper of the Union, caused our Switzerland ..... troops to engage in that first disastrous battle of Bull Run. Mr. Greeley learned with horror of what had taken place and said to the Nation. 'Make me the scapegoat.' Then he went to his farm, stricken with brain fever.

"He was offered, in New York, the United States senatorship," further said the lecturer, "if he would only say he was not in favor of universal amnesty, but this he would not do. Horace Greeley saw then, as we see now, that the broad mantle of charity should be spread over those brethren of the South and as speedily as possible, that the North should forgive if it could not forget. Mr. Greeley advocated universal amnesty in his paper. Jefferson Davis was in prison at Fortress Monroe, and the popular dea was that he should be tried for treason. Mr. Lincoln would have been glad, deep down in his great heart, if Mr. Davis had never been captured. It was a difficult question to deal with. Then Horace Greeley, Gerrit Smith, the noted Abolition-1st, and others went on Jefferson Davis's hail bond. Then a cry went up from one end of the North to the other against Mr. Greeley. The Union League of New York proposed to turn him out of its membership. He wrote the league a stinging letter and told them that their children would say of it that it was the best act of his life.

In conclusion the Bishop said he had just returned from New Orleans, where he saw a niece of Jefferson Davis, a teacher in one of the public schools. He addressed the pupils under the stars and stripes, and under her guidance they sung the patriotic song of America, "My country, 'tis of thee, sweet land of liberty." In coupling the names of great Americans he put together Washington and Lincoln: Grant, Sherman and Sheridan; Franklin and Greeley. The next lecture of the young people's course will be by Prof. Jeremiah W. Jenks.

Free Trade and Protection.

At the Propylæum, last night, Prof. Jeremiah W. Jenks gave the last of his twelve lectures in the political economy course. His subject was "Free Trade and Protection." In beginning his talk he said the question would be discussed without feeling. "There has been," he remarked, "a general idea that every teacher of political economy is a free-trader, who sees no good in protection at all. Twenty years ago, perhaps even ten years ago, that was true. Books on the subject were taught by men who were not political economists at all, men who took the text-book and taught from it strictly. Nearly all the text-books at that time had been written by freetraders. At the larger universities I know of no one who teaches political economy from text-books now, either free trade or protection. This whole question of protection is a very broad one and includes the whole duty of the State to the citizen. In this line comes factory legislation, the prohibition of paying employes in truck from company stores, etc. My opinion | said that these are not the only ones call- | place I speak of, and is now released, enis clearly that the State has the right to | ing for reforms. Funerals generally cost pass any law that will tend to benefit all | too much money. Plainness, unostentation, the people and protect any class of people | no gaudy evidences of a lavish outlay of that cannot be protected except by law. money, should be the rule, whatever the Practically all the political economists family circumstances. Costly funerals are in the United States are protectionists in not only a necless waste of money, but are that sense, though they do not believe in a | also in bad taste.

protective tariff. "The extreme free-traders of the earlier times," the lecturer said, "took the ground that the sole duty of the government was to provide for the protection of the life and property, merely a matter of police.
That doctrine has practically vanished so far as the teaching of political economy is concerned in ail parts of the world. In my opinion it is the duty of the under complete control.

State to further the general welfare, even if it be at the expense of the individual at times. We know many laws that have been passed for certain classes of people have sometimes done more injury than good, but when it can be clearly shown that a law will result in more good than harm, the State should uphold it. If pro-tective tariff will further the interests of a State as a whole, they should be so fur-

The lecturer then took a line leaning somewhat to revenue tariff, and so continued to the close of his talk.

DEBTS OF THE NATIONS. They Are Not an Indication of a Country's

New Orleans Times-Democrat. One would jump at the conclusion, from a casual survey of the list given below, that France, and Great Britain, and Russia, and Italy must be pretty nearly in that financial condition which is expressed by the abominable vulgarism "dead broke," so enormous are their national debts. But it is not so, at least with regard to France and England. These two are the richest countries in Europe, and their national debts are not an incumbrance to them at all, and hardly even a drawback. This arises from the fact that the creditors of these two countries are almost entirely their own people, who receive and absorb the interest that their governments pay for the use of the money. Either one country or the other could, if it pleased, pay off very much larger slices of its national debt every year; but it is not much of an object to do so, as the debt is owned, in both cases, almost entirely at home. It costs France very pay the interest on her \$6,427,-500,000 than it costs Italy, or Russia, or Spain to pay the interest on their much smaller debts; but their debts are, on the other hand, owned mainly in other countries. And the alien ownership of them makes them a heavy drain on the finances and a heavy burden and a drawback to the

The circumstance that Bulgaria, and Persia, and Siam are not encumbered with debt at all does not tell anything with regard to the financial condition of those countries. Some countries, like some persons, don't like contracting debt, and other conntries, like other persons, couldn't contract debt if they would, because nobody would trust them. All three of them, however, could read the hardest words. He could | are naturally rich countries; but their unindebtedness is mainly due to their lack of enterprise, for their aspirations lie not in the direction of great public works to call

for big credits. The United States debt of \$14 per head on the population is easily the lightest debt among the great nations of the world, and France's debt of about \$170 per capita of her people is the largest, but it would be rash hence to draw the deduction, by a compari-son of the two debts per capita, that the average Frenchman is in greater financial distress, or nearer the "dead-broke" line, than the average American.

Debts per se tell nothing about a person's or a nation's financial condition. The late Earl of Dudley, who had a yearly income of at least \$1,500,000, would never pay any bill, however small, until he was compelled by legal process; and we have heard of wealthy men in the city of New Orleans who are gifted with a liberal endowment of the same spirit. Other people follow Dr. Johnson's advice and pay small debts punctually, but let the big ones remain over, as they will keep. The Doctor used to say that a big debt was like a shot from a can-non—it made a big noise and generally didn't hit; but that small debts were as dangerous as canister shot, and mutilation was their almost necessary accompaniment. Neither individual nor nation should be accounted rich for having no debts, nor poor for having many.

The following table shows the debts of

the world:

33	Countries.	Public De
ø	Argentine Republic	\$597,253,9
8	Australasia	839,082,0
3	Austria Hungary	1,174,725,9
8	Austria proper	440,564,3
8	Hungary proper	601,994,4
3	Belgium	435,177,7
9	Bolivia	12,061,8
8	Brazil	360,486,1
9	Bulgaria	No de
8	Canada	240,956,8
8	Central American States	78,225,1
9	Chili	64,321,8
8	China	61,525,0
g	Colombia	22,156,5
3	Denmark	53,655,3
9	Ecuador	10,662,9
H	Egypt	518,689,4
•	France	6,427,500,0
8	Germany	317,500,0
9	German States	1,831,582,5
8	Great Britain	3,341,988,1
8	Greece	115,329,0
8	Hawaii	1,936,5
ä	India, British	911,150,0
3	Italy	2,600,000,0
8	Japan	302,262,2
	Mexico	162,737.6
	Montenegro	850,0
Z	Netherlands	452,437,7
	Norway	40,325,0
	Paraguay	4,625,0
	Persia	No de
ı	Peru	360,000,0
9	Portugal	630,222,6
	Roumania	147,880,6
	Russia	3,371,103,6
	San Domingo	5,134,0
1	Servia	62,550,0
	Siam	
11	Spain	1,299,500,0
	Character and the second	20 000 t

THAT FAILURE TO RATIFY. Explaining Action of the Senate to the Editor

Transvaal .....

Turkey.....

United States.....

Truguay.....

Venezuela .....

of the Christian Advocate. SENATE CHAMBER. WASHINGTON, March 25, 1891.

900,000,000

862,430,541

21,465,200

Rev. David H. Moore: My Dear Sir-Your letter of the 23d, inclosing printed article, "The Drink-traffic in Africa," expressing regret at the failure of the Senate to ratify the general act of the Brussels congress for the prohibition of the liquor-traffic and the prevention of the

slave trade is received. I entirely sympathize in all you say in this matter. I am not at liberty to state particulars involving the action of the Senate in executive session, but I can say with propriety that this important and very beneficial treaty came to the Senate at so late a period that it was utterly impossible to get for it the consideration it demanded. The pressure of business was so great that any discussion of the treaty necessarily postponed it. The treaty still is pending, and may be acted upon by any of the several nations parties to it; and I have no doubt at the next session, when the subjectmatter will again come before the Senate. that the treaty will be ratified and approved. The contents of the treaty were

more to the elevation and improvement of mankind. Very truly yours, JOHN SHERMAN.

made public, and, therefore, I am at liberty

to say that I know of no diplomatic meas-

ure in our history that will contribute

Capital and Hostile Legislation. Atlanta Constitution.

Mr. J. O. Parker, who came down some time ago from Danville, Ind., and who accepted the presidency of the Chattahooche Land Company, yesterday, is enthusiastic on the resources of Georgia particularly, and of the South generally. "Capital, you know, is timid," he said, "and since the growth of the Alliance in politics the capitalists are uneasy over the prospects of hostile legislation. Look at Kansas. The laws passed by the recent Alliance Legislature in that State have simply driven all foreign money from its borders, and the people are the sufferers. Look at the wonderful growth of Kansas. It was littlemore than a desert when foreign money commenced to flow in seeking investments. As a consequence it became one of the greatest and most prosperous States of the Union, but capital cannot stand legislation that seeks to destroy, rather than build up, and it will not be long before there is a howl for money out there,"

Funerals Cost Too Much.

Cincinnati Commercial Gazette. In connection with the discussion on expensive congressional funerals, it may be

Two Kinds of Hypnotism.

Chicago News. An Ohio farmer was hypnotized a few days ago by two lightning-rod peddlers, who compelled him to sign a promissory note for \$300. That farmer will hypnotize

# A VICTORY FOR THE WOMEN

North Indiana M. E. Conference Declares in Their Favor by a Large Majority.

Missionary Anniversary and Reports of Presiding Elders-Elected to Elders' Orders-Addresses by Drs. Gobin and Moore.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. HUNTINGTON, Ind., April 3,-The missionary anniversary was an occasion of more than usual interest. The following officers of the society were elected: President, D. C. Woolpert; vice-president, J. K. Waltz; secretary, J. H. Daniels; treasurer, M. S. Metz. The amount contributed during the past year to missions was \$13,866; a gain of \$906 over the preceding year. Dr. S. L. Baldwin, former missionary to China, now recording secretary at New York, addressed the conference. He said: "We are accustomed to think there was but one Pentecost. But, while on the day of Pentecost 3,000 were added to the church, a missionary to the Sandwich islands received 8,000 into the church in one day." Nineteen years ago Japan forbade the preaching of Christianity; now many of the public officials of the country are active Christians. The first Speaker of their House of Representatives is a native Christian. Dr. Johnson, a member of this conference, who has been a missionary twenty-nine years in India, was the second speaker. He said: "In the Methodist missions of India there have been more than seven thousand baptisms of converts in the past year. The greatest embarrassment to our work there is its success. More converts are being made than can be cared for and properly instructed. The excellent choir of the church here

by some songs in the Chinese language by After the usual devotional exercises this norning T. Stabler, presiding elder of the Richmond district, reported his work, church and parsonage property in good condition. For improvement of churches over \$8,000 have been expended. There are sixty-seven churches and eighteen parsonages in the district, valued at \$264,800. There were 1,019 accessions to the church during

renders fine music. This was supplemented

C. W. Lynch, presiding elder of Warsaw district, reported his charge. This district has twenty-eight circuits and stations. Two new churches built.

Dr. S. L. Bowman was reported as transferred to New York Conference. C. E. Bacon transferred to Indiana Conference and stationed at Trinity, Evansville. Rev. W. 3. Slutz, of Northwest Indiana, and Dr. D. H. Moore, editor of the Western Christian Advocate, were introduced to the confer-

The following probationers were called forward, and after an impressive and eloquent address by Bishop Joyce were received into full connection: I. C. Dorum, C. N. Mikels, S. A. Bridge, A. G. Neal and J. F. Bayly. The Bishop said: "What kind of a Christ are you to preach? No one preaches Christ fully who does not teach that whatever sin and the devil puts into human hearts Christ can take out. Study books in the forenoons and men and their sorrows in the afternoons. Do not go out, young men, to make new constitutions, but to be loyal to the church and ber discipline and usages. In closing I want to tell you how to get a good appointment. First, be men of common sense. Put yourself in contact with your people. When you get a new appointment leave the old one to your successor. Be diligent. If you are lazy we don't want you."

The following were elected to elders' orders: A. L. Forkner, B. S. Hollowpeter, W. E. Murray, M. C. Cooper, H. A. Davis, S. Powell, J. O. Bills, J. M. Haines and J. The vote on the admission of women as

delegates to the General Conference resulted as follows: For admission, 113; against, Dr. Gobin addressed the conference in the interest of DePauw University, and invited the young men of the conference to an interview in regard to attending the the-

ological school at Greencastle. The stewards submitted their report, which was adopted. Dr. Moore addressed the conference in the interest of the Advocate. He said that he felt he belonged to all the annual conferences, and desired to be recognized as one of the brethren. Dr. Moore is enthusiastically in favor of the admission of women to the General Conference, and spoke enthusiastically on the result of the

heartily indorsed the speeches of Drs. Gobin and Moore. The vote of the laity of the conference on the question of admission of women to the General Conference was as follows: For

vote of this conference. Bishop Joyce

admission, 6,812; against, 1,698. Lutheran Synod. 1,660,000 | Special to the Indianapolis Journal

FORT WAYNE, Ind., April 3 .- At the business session of the German Lutheran Convention, this 'morning, the following churches were received into membership, and their delagates empowered to vote: St. John's Church, Tollestone, Ind.; the churches at Otis and Westville: Zion Church, of Canton, O., and Christ Church, of Cleveland.

C. A. Campe, ar., of Fort Wayne, was elected treasurer; Rev. J. Nieman, of Cleveland, was re-elected president of the synod for the next three years, and Rev. Wefel, of Cleveland, secretary. Rev. Schrumm, of Lafayette, was elected visiting officer for LaPorte district. Committee on missions, Revs. J. Neiman, Weseloh and Mr. Melcher, of Cleveland; committee on revision of treasury reports, Dr. Duemling and teacher Roscher, of Fort Wayne; trustees of Schoenwald fund, teacher Lenter and Mr. Feth, of Cleveland; committee on support of pastors' and teachers' widows and orphans, Rev. Juengel and Messrs. Meyer and Dr. Duemling, of Fort Wayne.

Twelve widows and fifteen orphans are supported regularly, at an annual expense of \$1.435. Since April, 1889, to date, \$3,045 has been expended—\$1,595 was allowed for missions within the district for the next year, but \$4,026.68 was received last year for mission purposes and turned into the general treasury. Rev. Markworth, of White Creek, was elected visiting officer for south Indiana; Rev. Houk, editor of Luthern Witness, of Zanesville, O., for the district of south Ohio; Rev. Juengel for Fort Wayne and vicinity.

ANNA DICKINSON

To Be Removed to a Private Hospital, Where She Can Be Better Cared For.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Ind., April 3.-Mrs. Anna S. Edmundson, aunt of Anna and Susan Dickinson, is in receipt of a letter from the latter, dated Pittston, Pa., March 26, in which she refers to her sister as follows:

"Anna's physical health is on the mend as rapidly as any one could hope or expect, but not yet sufficiently to show much mental improvement. The hospital to which I was obliged to let her go is not satisfactory to me—as I feared it would not be. To day, through the efforts of a few friends, a sufficient sum has been sent me to arrange for her removal to a thoroughly well-managed private institution in New York State, and to guarantee her board there for probably a year, if that length of time should prove necessary. The niece of friends of mine who was taken ill just as Anna was last September was sent in October to this tirely cured, with no human probability of any return of the illness. I have written to ask for terms and a place for her there. It will take a few days, in any case, to arrange preliminaries, but I hope for a favorable answer at once, and then to have everything ready for her transfer by the first or second of April. My address tem-porarily after that day will be simply Pittston until I decide where to board and just what to do. With the care and expense of the house off my hands I shall have enough time and strength to earn the needful income, and I shall be free to go and come, in her interest at any time. I hope and pray the Lord will restore her to mental and spiritual health at an

early day. Meanwhile I try to trust His wisdom and love and wait His will. I am exceedingly thankful for this help, sent to secure better conditions for her."



BARON FAVA,

Italian Minister to Washington, Lately Recalled by Order of His Government.

BAND OF BARN-BURNERS

Organization of Vandals, Whose Object Is the Destruction of Property.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Ind., April 3.- For almost two years, in the southern part of this State, there has been a well-planned plot to burn all the binding harvesters in this section, and over one hundred of these machines have been thus destroyed. So plainly did it appear that some one was trying to get away with these machines that a meeting of all the insurance agents in the section where the fires occurred was held at Indianapolis in August last. At that meeting it was decided to employ a detective to hunt down and bring the guilty parties to

In Martin county, in a thick woods, through which Prairie creek flows, is the deserted but of an old trapper, around which the trees and underbrush are so thick that the spot is always dark and

Recently seven young men and boys were shadowed and traced into this forest and into this cabin. Near by it was a large excavation in a hillside, in which was stored such articles of furniture as were needed when a meeting was held. These articles were carried into the hut on such occasions, and when the meeting was over were carefully stored away again in the hole in the ground. The meetings of the young men were known to take place twice each month on the first and third Tuesday nights. They were secret, every movement being carefully guarded by an oath, administered by the leader, which was iron-clad and made with an understanding that if violated death would be the penalty. On the first night of each monthly meeting a stranger in that section would appear and meet with the young desperadoes, who through the encouragement received and the money paid by the stranger had grown bold and almost as daring as some of the villains who terrorized all

southern Indiana in its early history. The stranger, it is claimed, is from Lansing, Mich., and his paid vandals reside in Wash-ington and Plainville. Five of the party are under arrest, but, as yet, the stranger has evaded the officers. The young barn-burners are at a loss to understand who gave away their well-laid

DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN.

Local Forecasts. For Indianapolis and Vicinity-For the

twenty-four hours ending 8 P. M., April 4-Snow during the night, followed by cold, clearing and fair weather, nearly stationary temperature.

GENERAL INDICATIONS. WASHINGTON, April 3 .- Forecast till 8 P. M. Saturday: For Indiana and Illinois-Fair; clearing

in Indiana; north westerly winds; stationary temperature: fair on Sunday. For Ohio - Colder; clearing weather; northwesterly winds; fair on Sunday. Observations at Indianapolis,

Time. | Bar. | Ther. | R. H. | Wind. | Weather. | Pre.

7 A. M. 29.86 37 87 West. Lt. Rain. 0.23 7 P. M. 29.96 30 92 N west. Lt. Snow. 0.14 Maximum temperature, 37; minimum temper-Following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation on April 3: Tem. Normal....

INDIANAPOLIS, April 3.

Excess or deficiency since April 1. -8 Excess or deficiency since Jan. 1 .. \*144 \*3.41

General Weather Conditions.

FRIDAY, April 3, 7 P. M. PRESSURE.-The storm area continued to move northeastward and is central Friday night over New England, with 29.50; the high area over the western portion of the country is central, with 80.60, in northern Minnesota.

TEMPERATURE.—Low temperature, the lowest 6 degrees, continued Friday morning west of the Mississippi; at night 20° and below is reported from Lake Superior northward; 30° and below from Nebraska, Missouri, Indiana and the lower lakes northward: 40° and above from Indian Territory, Arkansas, southern Tennessee, West Virginia, Pennesylvania and southern New York southward; 50° and above near the gulf: 600 and higher in southern Texas. PRECIPITATION .- Snow fell from central Illinois, northern Kentucky and Ohio northward, rains in Tennessee, Pennsylvania and New York.

World's Fair Matters.

CHICAGO, April 3 .- At to-day's session of the world's fair national commission resolution was unanimously passed making three members of the judiciary committee a quorum to do business in order that immediate action might be had upon matters now with the commission. The section of the report of the board of control which puts Mrs. Potter Palmer in absolute authority of the board of lady managers was adopted, and, after passing a resolution that the commission would hold its usual session next September and April, 1892, in spite of the reduced appropriations, the commission adjourned until to-morrow. Information was received to-day at world's fair headquarters from the Latin-American department at Washington that the government of Mexico had announced officially its acceptance of the invitation from the President of the United States to participate in the Columbian exposition, and that commissioners would be appointed

Erastus Wiman Sued for Libel. NEW YORK, April 8 .- The trial of Miss Henrietta Woods's suit against Erastus Wiman for \$50,000 for damages for libel, was begun in the Circuit Court in Brooklyn, to-day. It arises out of Mr. Wiman's efforts to have imprisonment for debt abolished by law. In support of this bill pamphlets were printed containing statements from judgment debtors who complained of the severity of the existing statute and also setting forth their indivual stories. Among the other statements was one by Terence Honett, who was in jail for failing to pay a judgment obtained against him by Miss Woods, in a breach-of-promise suit. In his statement Monett said a number of things that reflected much upon Miss Wood's character, hence the suit.

Pair of Big Swindlers. FAYETTEVILLE, Ark., April 3.—Develop-ments in the case of Judge Baker and Dr. Howard, who swindled Capt. W. F. Dowell, the Alliance treasurer, out of \$3,000, go to show that the men have been operating quite extensively. Monday a farmer named Blackburn, from Callaway county, Missouri, put in an appearance and identified the Judge and Doctor as the same men who had buncoed him out of \$7,500 about a year ago. Officers will be here from Iowa, accompanied by a man named Ellis, who lost \$3,500 last August in similar swindle by two men who called themselves Judge Baker and Dr. Howard. These doubtless are the same men.

On the Monon Route. The following dinner bill of fare is served on train No. 2°, leaving Indianapolis at 11:25 a. m., and arriving at Chicago at 5:10 p. m., daily, and on train No. 31, leaving Chicago at 9:30 a. m., and arriving at Indianapolis at 3:20 p. m., daily:

Little neck clams on shell. Consomme Victoria. Baked shad, sauce a la Colbert.
Russian Caviare. cucumbers. Prime roast beef, au jus. Pork, with apple sauce.

Mailard duck, current jelly.

otatoes.

New potatoes in cream. Stewed tomatoes. Scalloped oysters, Boston style.

Jenny Lind pancakes.

Asparagus salad, au mayonnaise. Catawba wine jelly.

Queen olives.

Lettuce au mayonnaise.

Pineapple pudding, Maraschino sauce.

Lemmon cream pie. Apple pie.

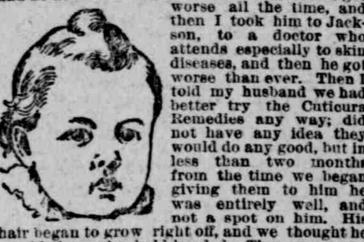
Fancy cakes. Edam and Roquefort cheese.
French coffee. Bent's water crackers.

Meals only 75c. The Monon Route is the only line running dining cars and solid Pullman vestibule trains between Indianapolis and Chicago.

You can't afford to laugh, dear girls, Unless your teeth are white as pearls-Unless your mouth is pink and sweet. And your two lips in rosebuds meet; And you cannot supply this want, But through the use of Sozodont!

RAW AS BEEF-STEAK Baby's Fearful Suffering from Skin Disease Covering Entire Body Cured by Cuticura.

My baby was taken very sick when he was three months old, and in a few days began breaking out. We employed both of the home doctors, and they could do nothing for him. Then we sent for the best doctor in Eaton Rapids, Mich. and he doctored him for two weeks, and he got



attends especially to skin diseases, and then he got worse than ever. Then I told my husband we had better try the Cuticura Remedies any way; did not have any idea they would do any good, but in less than two months from the time we began giving them to him he was entirely well, and

hair began to grow right off, and we thought he would always be bald-headed. There was not a spot on his whole body, face and head, only his nose and eyes, but what was as raw as beefsteak. So poor there was not anything but hones and so weak he could raise neither hand MRS. FRANK BARRETT, Winfield, Mich. nor head.

Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifler, and greatest of Humor Remedies, cleanses the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements, and thus re-moves the cause, while Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, and Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, clear the skin and scalp and restore the hair. Thus the CUTICURA REMEDIES cure every species of itching, burning, scaly, pimply, and blotchy skin, scalp and blood diseases, from pimples to scrofula, from infancy to age, when the best physicians fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, Cutioura, 50c; Soap, 25c; Resolvent, \$1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials. BABY'S Skin and Scalp purified and beautified by Cuticura Soap. Absolutely pure.

RHEUMATIC PAINS In one minute the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster relieves rheumatic, sci atic, hip, kidney, chest and muscular pains and weaknesses. Price 25c.

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The great chemist, pronounced the well-known Lieb'g Company's Extract of Beef, made of the finest River Platte cattle, infinitely superior in flavor and quality to any made of cattle grown in Europe or elsewhere. He authorized the use of

well-known Kielig trade-mark signature of Beef.

For Dehcious Beef Tea.



FUNERAL NOTICE. GERHART-Orm day, April 5, at 2 o'clock p. m., from Indianola Chapel. Friends invited.

MEETINGS. THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Indianapolis Building and Loan Association, at 72 East Market street, on Saturday evening, April 11, at 7:30 o'clock, for the election of three directors. M. D. BUTLER, Pres. W. A. BHODES, Sec.

meeting of this church and congregation will be held on the evening of Thursday, April 16, 1891, in the chapel, for the purpose of electing trustees and other officers for said congregation, and for the transsented. WM. O. ANDERSOM, Clerk. Indianapolis, April 4, 1891.

TABERNACLE CHURCH - THE ANNUAL

WANTED-ROOMS. WANTED-PARLOR AND TWO BEDROOMS VV centrally located. May 1. State price and location. Address "K," Journal office. WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS.

TEN WANTED-SALARY AND EXPENSES BROS. CO., Nurserymen, Chicago. WANTED-FOUR HUSTLING SOLICITORS at once. Bond or cash deposit required. Call after 7:20 p. m., at 98 East Market street, March 31. WANTED - A LICENSED ENGINEER TO run an absorption ice-making plant in Cleveland, Ohio. State experience and salary expected; giving references. Address C. J. B., Journal, Indianapolia,

SALESMEN WANTED TO SELL FULL LINE of Blankets, Flannels, Dress Goods, Silesias, Cottonades. Jeans, as a side line, to country retailers. Liberal commission. THE PUBNELL DALE MILLS, Box 560, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED-BOOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT board, are desired for the accommodation of delegates in attendance on the National Conference of Charities and Correction, May 13-20, inclusive Parties willing to furnish these are requested to send number of rooms and terms to JAMES SMITH, Sec-retary, Plymouth Building.

WANTED-AGENTS FOR THE MEMOIRS OF W General Sherman, written by himself and fin-ished by Hon. James G. Blaine. Price \$2. Canvass. ers outfit sent to any address for 50c; same terms as at New York. Also the Life of General Sherman, by Gen. Howard and W. Johnson; intensely interesting; thoroughly authentic and spiendidly illustrated; 600 pages, low prices, quick sales, big profits; now is the time to coin money; outfit 25c; complete books ready; send at once. JOHN BURNS BOOK CO., St. Louis, Mo.

OST-LADY'S GOLD WATCH-RAISED LET. FOR SALE.

LOR SALE-BRICK RESIDENCE, CONTAIN I ing twelve rooms and attic. Lot corner Pennsylvania and New York streets. Address or apply to ANNOUNCEMENT.

WOMEN AND DISEASES OF THE RECTUM.
DR. R. W. BULA, 33 West Ohio street. FINANCIAL. TOANS-ON CITY PROPERTY. C. E. COFFIN

LOANS-MONEY ON MORTGAGES. C. P. MONEY TO LOAN-6 PER CENT. HORACE MCKAY, Room 11, Talbott & New's Block. SIX PERCENT ON CITY PROPERTY IN IN-MONEY ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEW. 67 West Washington street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARMS AT THE LOW est market rate; privileges for payment before due. We also buy municipal bonds. THOS. C. DAY & CO., 72 East Market street, Indianapolis.

## March April May

blood. During the long, cold winter, the blood becomes thin and impure, the body becomes weak and tired, the appetite may be lost, and just now the system craves the aid of a reliable medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiarly adapted to

thoroughly purities and vitalizes the blood,

creates a good appetite, cures biliousness and

headache, gives healthy action to the kidneys and

March

thousands of old friends resort to a regular course of Hood's Sarsaparilla. The fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla, once fairly tried, becomes the favorite spring medicine, speaks volumes for .its excellence and medicinal merit.

the needs of the body during these months. It

patrons will take Hood's Sarsaparilia and realize its benefits in blood purified and strength restored. Will you be one of the number! Hood's Sarsaparilla costs but little, and the investment yields profitable returns. Just try it.

# ilver and imparts strength to the whole body. Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. L. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar

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TROUSERS -FOR-

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Bordman. Golden Boat [50c.] Miss Chant.
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CHURCH SERVICES.

Baptist.

TMBST BAPTIST CHURCH, NORTHEAST COR-

PIRST BAPTISTCH URCH, NORTH EAST CORner of New York and Penusylvania streets.
The pastor, Rev. W. F. Taylor, will preach at 10:30
a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Subject of evening sermon,
"Vanity Fair"—from Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress,
Young People's Social on Wednesday evening, at the
residence of the pastor, 475 North Meridian street.
Other meetings as usual

Congregational.

MENTRAL-AVENUE METHODIST EPISCO

or street. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., by Rev. John Poucher, D. D. Class-meeting, 9:30 a. m. Sunday-school, 2:15 p. m. Young people's meeting, 6:30 p. m. Strangers cordially welcomed.

MERIDIAN-STREET METHODIST EPISCO-pal Church—At 10:30 a. m., Rev. J. H. Ketcham, presiding elder, at 7:45 p. m., Rev. H. A. Cleveland, D. D., pastor, will lecture; subject, "Wendell Phillips—the Man and his Speech." Strangers welcome. Sunday-school, 2:15; classes, 9:30; Y. P. S. C. E., 3:45; Thursday evening service, 7:45.

New Church.

NEW CHURCH CHAPEL, 333 NORTH ALA-bams street. Rev. E. D. Daniels will preach at

10:45 a. m. on "The Ascension," and at 7:30 p. m. "The New Church, and What It Believes."

DIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, SOUTH

The pastor, Rev. M. L. Haines, D. D., will preach to

morrow at 10:45 a. m., and 7:80 p. m. Evening subject, "Beneath Southern Skies." Sunday-school meets at 9:30 a. m. The Young People's Society meets at 6:45 p. m. Annual business meeting Thursday, 7:30 p. m. Preparatory lecture services Friday, 7:30

CECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, CORNER

Joseph A. Milburn, pastor. Communion service and reception of new members, 10:30 a.m. Preaching at 7:30 p.m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p.m. Young people's meeting at 6:45 p.m. Thursday evening prayer-meeting at 7:30, led by the pastor.

OEVENTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH-COR-

SEVENTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—CORner of Cedar and Elm streets. R. V. Hunter,
pastor. Preaching to-morrow at 10:30 a.m. and at
7:30 p. m., by the pastor. Sabbath-school at 2:30 p.
m.; Prof. T. G. Alford, superintendent. Junior C. E.
at 9:30 a.m., and regular C. E., at 3:30 p. m. Teachers' meeting and prayer-meeting on Thursday evening. Class in theology on Friday evening. Classes
in gymnastics through the week. Kindergarten each
morning.

TABERNACLE CHURCH, CORNER MERID-ian and Second streets. Rev. J. A. Rondthaler, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. by the pastor. Sunday-school, 2:15 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E., 3:45 p. m. Services in Indianaoia and Mt. Jackson Chapels at 7:30 p. m.

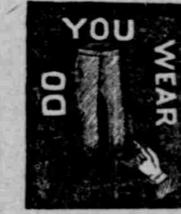
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TUESDAY APRIL 14, WED'SDAY APRIL 15, "LA TOSCA"

IN VICTOREAN SARDOU'S TWO GREATEST

as were employed in New York. PRICES OF RESERVED SEATS: All Lower Floor, \$3. All 2d Floor, \$2. All 3d Floor, \$L.

Presented with the same Great Company and the same Elaborate Scenery, Costumes and Properties

Sale of Seats Begins MONDAY, APRIL 6th. Seats can be secured by writing or telegraphing Dickson & Talbott, Indianapolis, Ind.

SPECIAL NOTICE.-Parties of ten or more can secure reduced rates by applying to the Local Station Agent.

ENGLISH'S--PERFORMANCES. MATINEE TO-DAY! TO-NIGHT: J. B. MACKIE

For four years the funny "Grimesy My Boy," in "A. Bunch of Keys," in his new comedy success, 'GRIMES'S CELLAR DOOR" Prices-Gallery, 15c; Balcony, 25c; Dress Circle, 50c; Crchestra and Orchestra Circle, 75c. Get your PLYMOUTH CHURCH, April 8.

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH, CORNER
Of Ohio and Delaware streets. D. R. Lucas,
paster. Subject, 10:45 a. m., "The Letter of Jude."
At 7:45 p. m. Mrs. Persis L. Christian, of Chicago,
the talented lecturer, will deliver an address on "The
History of Woman." Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m.,
Howard Cale, superintendent. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30
p. m., S. L. Roberts, leader. All are welcome to these Y. SYMPHONY CLUB. Mr. CHAS. HIGGINS, Violinist.
Mr. H. CORNELIUS, Clarinetist.
Mr. HENRY HIGGINS, Cornetist.
Miss M. SEIGFREID, Soprano.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, OSCAR C. MCCULloch, minister. Morning, 10:45; subject, "The
Teachings of Jesus on Work and Wages." Musical
numbers: Quartet, "The Lord's Prayer," Bliss.
Full choir. Te Deum Laudamus, Alyamorr. Soprano
and tenor duet—"Jesus, Lover of My Soul," Centerneri. Evening, 7:45: Monthly Song Service. Subject of address, "On Standing By." Musical numbers; Duet and chorus—"Jubilate Deo," Miltoyke,
full chorus. Solo—"The Lord is my Shepherd," Spilman, Mr. Andrew Smith. Solo—"Nearer, my God, to
Thee," Holden, Mrs. Leon Bailey. Quartet—"O
Father Almighty," Steele, Madame Mattei, Miss
Holton, Mr. Smith, Mr. Nell. Solo—"The New Kingdom," Tours, Madame Mattei, with Violoncelle Oblgate by Mr. Carl Vogt. Chorus—"The Heavens are
Teiling," from "The Creation," Haydn. DLYMOUTH CHURCH, OSCAR C. MCCUL-Mr. W. G. BICHARDS, H ADMISSION-25 cents, with reserved seat. Sale at Baldwin's, April 4. BENEFIT G. A. R. RELIEF FUND. AT THE PROPYLÆUM, MONDAY EVENING, April 6, 8 o'clock, TOM COBB, or FORTUNE'S TOY,

Musical numbers by Prof. Maffey's IDEAL BANJO CLUB. Admission—50 cents. Tickets for sale at Emil Wulschner's Music House, opp. Post-office, and at the Propylæum, evening of April 6.

A comedy by W. S. Gilbert, given by members of the

DRAMATIC CLUB for the benefit of the



The ECLIPSE BICYCLE, price \$100. Built of Aluminum, Bronze and Weidless Steel. Only "bike" made that has not a weid in it. It is, beyond doubt, the strongest bicycle made. Then look at the pricet Call at H. T. HEARSEY & CO.'S, Bicycle Dealers, 116 & 118 North Pennsylvania street, and see this the latest machine out.

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# A HOLE IN THE SEA

That is the title of the first of the "Possible Cases" to be printed in the Sunday issue of this paper. It is a unique creation by

FRANK R. STOCKTON, and will appear in the JOURNAL of

A ation will meet in the parlors of the Young Men's Christian Association on Monday morning, at 10 o'clock. The Rev. Thomas N. Todd will preside, and the Rev. A. B. Charpie will read a paper on "The Work of Gen. Booth, of the Salvation Army." Sunday, April 5. A kept furniture, carpets, etc. Will be sold on Monday morning, April 6. at 10 o'clock, at the residence, No. 486 North East street, a choice collection of elegant furniture, carpets, etc., embracing EDUCATIONAL. DAY AND NIGHT SCHOOL, ENTER NOW,

lection of elegant furniture, carpets, etc. embracing three very fine bedroom suites, one wainut, marble-top bedroom suite, with tollet glass, cost \$56; one antique oak bedroom suite, with French plate mirror, cost \$80; one French plate pier glass, cost \$56; one very superior Hallet & Davis square grand plano, with carved legs, in parfect order, cost \$40; three elegant plush patent rockers, fine plush tete-atet, two extra choice plush and velvet double lounges cost \$55 and \$25 each, wainut marble top side-board, fancy cherry center tables, tollet sets. Brussels and ingrain carpets, matting, oil-cloth, extention tables, dining charts, rugs, parlor lamps, oilographs and pictures, single and double bedsteads, wool and cotton mattresses, springs, rockers, lace curtains, shades, chentile portieres, blankets, comforts, bolsters and pillows, baby carriage, druggets, cook stove, gasoline stove, safe, parlor chairs, cane-sent and perforated chairs, lace bed set, hanging lamp, etc. These goods are all nearly new, in first-class condition and of the latest styles. GUSTIN & MCCURDY, Auctioneers.